

## Úkol z minula - acc

```

import ...
acc f xs =
  do let len=length xs
     vars<-replicateM len newEmptyMVar
     let a=(listArray (0,len)) vars
         compute m i x | i.&.m/=0 || i+m>=len = putMVar (a!i) x
                         | otherwise = takeMVar (a!(i+m)) >>= compute (m+m) i.f x
     mapM_ (forkIO.uncurry (compute 1)) (zip [0..] xs) >> takeMVar (a!0)

```

## Control.Concurrent.QSem

```

data QSem
newQSem :: Int -> IO QSem
waitQSem :: QSem -> IO ()
signalQSem:: QSem -> IO ()

```

Sřeva QSemu

```

newtype QSem = QSem (MVar (Int, [MVar ()]))
newQSem init = do sem <- newMVar (init,[])
                  return (QSem sem)
waitQSem (QSem sem) = do (avail,blocked) <- takeMVar sem -- gain ex. access
                           if avail > 0 then putMVar sem (avail-1,[])
                           else do block <- newEmptyMVar
                                   putMVar sem (0, blocked++[block])
                                   takeMVar block
signalQSem (QSem sem) = do (avail,blocked) <- takeMVar sem
                            case blocked of [] -> putMVar sem (avail+1,[])
                                         (block:blocked') -> do
                                           putMVar sem (0,blocked')
                                           putMVar block ()

```

## Control.Parallel revisited, Control.Parallel.Strategies

```

par :: a -> b -> b
pseq:: a -> b -> b

```

```

type Done = ()
type Strategy a = a -> Done
r0 :: Strategy a                                r0 x = ()-
rwhnf :: Strategy a                            rwhnf x = x `seq` ()-
class NFData a where rnf :: Strategy a        default je rnf=rwhnf

(>|) :: Done -> Done -> Done                seq
(>||) :: Done -> Done -> Done               par
demanding :: a -> Done -> a                 flip seq
sparking :: a -> Done -> a                  flip par

($|) :: (a->b)->Strategy a->a->b      f $| s = \ x -> f x `demanding` s x
($||):: (a->b)->Strategy a->a->b      f $| s = \ x -> f x `sparking` s x
(.|) :: (b->c)->Strategy b->(a->b)->a->c
(.,) f s g = \ x -> let gx = g x in f gx `demanding` s gx
(.||):: (b->c)->Strategy b->(a->b)->a->c
(.,) f s g = \ x -> let gx = g x in f gx `sparking` s gx

(seq/par)Pair ::Strategy a->Strategy b->Strategy (a, b)
(seq/par)Triple ::Strategy a->Strategy b->Strategy c->Strategy (a, b, c)
(seq/par)List ::Strategy a->Strategy [a]
(seq/par)ListN ::Integral b=>b->Strategy a->Strategy [a]
(seq/par)ListNth::Int->Strategy a->Strategy [a]
parMap ::Strategy b -> (a-> b) ->[a]->[b]
parFlatMap ::Strategy [b]-> (a->[b])->[a]->[b]
parZipWith ::Strategy c->(a->b->c)->[a]->[b]->[c]

```

**Synchronizace pomocí Control.Monad.STM**

```

inc x s = do v<-readIORef x
              writeIORef x (v + 1)
              signalQSem s
doInc n r = do s <- newQSem 0
               sequence_ (replicate n $ forkIO (inc r s))
               sequence_ (replicate n $ waitQSem s)
w2 = do r <- newIORef 0
        doInc 100000 r
        readIORef r
                                         Vrací hodnoty jako 99886, 99908, ...

data STM a
retry    :: STM a
                                         atomically::: STM a -> IO a
                                         orElse     :: STM a -> STM a -> STM a

data TVar a
readTVar :: TVar a -> STM a
                                         newTVar   :: a -> STM (TVar a)
                                         writeTVar::: TVar a -> a -> STM ()
incS x s = do atomically $ do v <- readTVar x
               writeTVar x (v + 1)           Synchronizace
               signalQSem s
doIncS n r = do s <- newQSem 0
               sequence_ (replicate n $ forkIO (incS r s))
               sequence_ (replicate n $ waitQSem s)
w3 = do r <- atomically (newTVar 0)
        doIncS 100000 r
        atomically (readTVar r)
Čekání na událost
produce::TVar [Int]->Int->IO ()
produce q n = do atomically $ do s <- readTVar q
                  writeTVar q (n : s)
consume::TVar Int->TVar [Int]->IO ()
consume e q = do s <- atomically $ do l <- readTVar q
                  if length l < 100 then retry
                  else do writeTVar q (drop 100 l)
                           return (take 100 l)
                  putStrLn (show $ sum s)
                  atomically $ do k <- readTVar e
                                 writeTVar e (k-1)
w4 = do s <- atomically (newTVar [])
        e <- atomically (newTVar 10)
        sequence_ (replicate 10 $ (forkIO $ consume e s))
        mapM_ (\n -> forkIO (produce s n)) [1..1000]
        atomically $ do ne <- readTVar e
                        if ne /= 0 then retry else return ()

```

**Template Haskell**

```

sum 1 = [ | id | ]
sum n = [ | \a -> $(sum (n-1)).(+a) | ]
V ghc nebo ghci je třeba svičk -XTemplateHaskell (ve starších verzích -fth).
Potom v ghci je :t $(sum 3) typu (Num a) => a -> a -> a -> a. :t sum je (Num t) => t -> ExpQ.
printf str = p str [| [] |] where
  p [] a = a
  p ('%'':':ss) a = [| \s -> $(p ss [| $a ++ s |]) |]
  p ('%'':':d':':ss) a = [| \d -> $(p ss [| $a ++ (show d) |]) |]
  p (c:ss) a = p ss [| $a ++ [c] |]
Potom :t $(printf "%s ma %d psu") je (Show a) => [Char] -> a -> [Char]
Typ [| ... |] je ExpQ
type ExpQ = Q Exp; data Exp = VarE Name | ConE Name | LiteE Lit | AppE Exp Exp |
  InfixE (Maybe Exp) Exp (Maybe Exp) | LamE [Pat] Exp | TupE [Exp] |
  CondE Exp Exp Exp | LetE [Dec] Exp | CaseE Exp [Match] | DoE [Stmt] | ...
sel i n = [| \x -> $(caseE [| x |] [alt]) |] where
  alt = match pat rhs []
  pat = tupP (map varP as)
  rhs = normalB (varE (as !! (i-1)))
  as = [mkName ("a"++show i) | i<-[1..n]]
sel2 n m = do x<-newName "x"
              lamLE (tupP (replaceAt n (replicate m wildP) (varP x))) (varE x)
replaceAt n xs x = take (n-1) xs ++ x : drop n xs

```